Established July 2, 1856

PRICE: 5 CENTS.

Business Cards.

C. BREWER & CO., LIMITED., M. E. GROSSMAN, D. D. S. Queen Street, Honolulu, H. I.

AGENTS FOR

Hawaiian Agricultural Company, Onomea Segar Company, Honomu Sugar Company, Waihee Sugar Company, Waihee Sugar Company, Hale-segala Ranch Company, Kapapala Ranch.

Planters' Line San Francisco Packets, Chas. Brewer & Co.'s Line of Boston

Office Hours, 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Agents Boston Board of Underwriters.
Agents Philadelphia Board of Under-

List of Officers:

P. C. Jones, president; Geo. H. Robert-son, Manager; E. F. Bishop, Treasurer and Secretary; Col. W. F. Allen, Auditor; C. M. Cooke, H. Waterhouse, A. W. Carter,

CASTLE & COOKE, Ld., Life and Fire

Insurance Ag'ts.

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual

Of Boston. Eina Fire Insurance Company

Of Hartford. CLAUS SPRECKELS & CO.,

BANKERS,

Honolulu, H. I.,

Issue Sight and Time Bills of Exchange, also Commercial and Travelers' Letters of Credit on the principal parts of the world. Purchase approved Bills.

MAKE LOANS ON ACCEPTABLE SECURITY.

Receive deposits on open account and allow interest on term deposits. Attend promptly to collections.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

HONOLULU

W. W. WRIGHT, Proprietor.

AND REPAIRER.

All orders from the other islands in the Cerriage Building, Trimming and Painting Line will meet with prompt attention.

P. O. Box 321.

128 and 130 FORT STREET. GUIDE THROUGH HAWAII

H. M. Whitney, Publisher. Only Complete Guide Published.

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED. PRICE 75c.

For Sale by Hawaiian News Co., Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

Queen Street.

BETWEEN ALAKEA AND RICHARDS STS.

BRONZE, BRASS -:- AND -:-

Iron Castings Housework a Specialty.

IRON DOORS, SHUTTERS, Etc.

Particular attention paid to Ships' Black-smithing. JOBBING PROMPLY ATTENTED TO,

> F. E. LYNN, Proprietor.

The Hawaiian Gazette Company manufacture rubber stamps of all descriptions.

Business Cards.

-:= Dentist -:=

LEWIS & CO.,

111 FORT STREET. Telephone 240. P. O. Box 29.

ATLAS ASSURANCE COMPANY

OF LONDON. ASSETS - - - \$10,000,000.

H. W. SCHMIDT & SONS, Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

H. MAY & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

98 FORT STREET. Telephone 22. P. O. Box 470.

J. T. LUND, 128 and 130 Fort St., opp. Club Stables, Practical Gun and Locksmith. Repairing of All Descriptions.

Bicycle Repairing a Specialty. BICYCLES FOR SALE. Tel. 607

PACIFIC TRADING COMPANY, Successors to Itohan,

Importers and Dealers in

Japanese Provisions, Dry Goods, Etc.,

204-206 FORT ST., HONOLULU.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO. Steam Engines,

Bollers, Sugar Mills, Coolers, Brass and Lead Castings, And Machinery of every description made to order. Particular attention paid to ships' blacksmithing. Job work executed on the shortest notice.

LEWERS & COOKE, Successors to Lewers & Dickson,

Importers and Dealers in Lumber And All Kinds of Building Material,

NO. 82 FORT STREET, HONOLULU

H. JAOUEN, Practical =:= Gunmaker,

CARRIAGE BUILDER

Will do any kind of repairing to Firearms, also Browning and Blueing and Restocking equal to factory work. Satisfaction guaranteed. Union Street, with C. Sterling, Painter.

American Livery and Boarding Stables, Cor. Merchant and Richards Sts.

LIVERY AND EOARDING STABLES Carriages, Surreys and Hacks at all TELEPHONE 490.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, Cor. King and Nuuanu Streets. Just Received by the Australia a Fresh Invoice of

Enterprise Beer and Oysters FOR COCKTAILS. Telephone 805.

KAHULUI HOTEL, KAHULUI, MAUL

SAM SING - - - Proprietor. Special Attention to the Traveling Public. MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

"HALF AND HALF" Is a Great Appetizer.

Makes the weak stout and purifies the SOLD AT THE EMPIRE SALOON.

Two for 25 Cents. BEAVER SALOON,

Fort Street, opposite Wilder & Co.'s H. J. NOLTE, Proprietor. First-Class Lunches Served With Tea. Coffee, Soda Water, Ginger Ale or Milk.

Smokers' Requisites a Specialty.

Open from 3 a. m. till 10 p. m.

He Is Tired. Feed Him Our Oats. A. L. MORRIS & CO., 51 Fort Street. Telephone 422.

Attorney at Law,

113 Kaahumanu St., Honolulu, H. I. EDMUND P. DOLE

Attorney at Law,

Business Cards.

LORRIN A. THURSTON

Telephone 91. WILLIAM C. PARKE,

318 FORT STREET.

Agent to Take Acknowledgments Office, 13 Kaahumanu St., Honolulu.

Attorney at Law

LYLE A DICKEY, Attorney at Law,

11 KAAHUMANU STREET. Telephone 345.

GILBERT F. LITTLE, Attorney at Law,

HILO, HAWAII.

DR. J. UCHIDA, Physician and Surgeon, 5 KUKUI LANE.

Office Hours, 8 to 12 a. m. and 7. to 8 p. m. Browning, Blueing and Restocking Guns and Mutual Tel. 532.

> DR. R. H. REID, Physician and Surgeon.

Office Hours, 1:30 to 4. p. m. Associated with Dr. Day, Beretania

DR. E. C. SURMANN

Has Removed to Garden Lane. -:- TELEPHONE 181. -:-

GONSALVES & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Wine

Merchants.

25 Queen Street, Honolulu, H. I. C. J. WHITNEY,

Teacher of Elocution and Dramatic Art, HONOLULU, H. I.

M. W. McCRESNEY & SONS Wholesale Grocers

And Dealers in

Agents Honolulu Soap Works Company and Honolulu Tannery.

HAWAIIAN HARDWARE CO.,

HARDWARE, Cutlery and Glassware

307 FORT STREET. H. HACKFELD & CO.,

Cor, Fort and Queen Streets, Honolulu.



Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U.S. Gov't Report



Interesting Review of an Active Missionary Worker.

Early Tendency to Missionary Labors. Experiences in Polynesia-Advocate of Annexation to the United States. Efforts for Representative Goy't.

To many uninterested and uninformed persons the term missionary calls up the vague, old-fashioned notion of the herbivorona kind, who stands all day long under a spreading | ence. palm tree, while the heathen crowd about to be taught. A later view is the missionary mechanical or routinical, who works aggressively, perhaps, but is a colorless creature to be painted in dull grays and blues.

Such, however, are not the colors into which Frances Gulick Jewett | new life to the work, and linked the | the accusations made against Mr. dipped her brush in painting for us a picture which is glowing with tropical richness and in which the central figure is her father, in heroic size. The whole is done in a vigorous yet grace.



ful style, brightened by occasional glints of humor and teeming with

touches of great beauty and pathos. Mrs. Jewett is most fortunate in materials for her work. She has the written word, -early and later journals kept in great detail by Dr. Gulick, long family letters that circled lick, long family letters that circled the world in one round, manuscripts filed in the rooms of the American Board in Boston, and letters here in Hawaii. She has the added testimony of the living voice—the hearty co-operation of relatives and friends; many of whom are well known by us. She can say of much in the book quorum magna pars fui. Her sympathy and ease of expression make her well qualified for the task of which she has acquitted herself nowhich she has acquitted herself no-

In the pages devoted to the boy-hood of his father we have valuable psychological study of the religious de-velopment of one to the mission-field born, and his struggles are told for the most part in his own words. He was most part in his own words. He was a lonely child whose journal was ever his bosom friend, and through its pages we find him athirst for study, fonder of books than play, ambitious, imaginative, introspective and terribly conscientious. At the age of fifteen we find the missionary inheritance and surroundings crystallizing into this dedication: "I will claim the whole heathen world as my countrymen," which was a prophecy of his whole life's work.

whole life's work. At twenty-three he had completed his studies, medical and theological, which not infrequently he had pur- man, as an American, as a Christian, sued at the cost of his health. Al- as a son of Hawaii, Dr. Gulick felt though in magnetic touch with world | himself precipitated into the midst of events, he was yet eager to leave them | this fight for constitutional liberty. | out in the city. In event of this and live in Polynesia, whose people In no faltering words he made his she will sail for Kauai. The im-

in Micronesia, the most picturesque In 1866 we see him before the bar of part of the book, and what with build- the legislature, cited for contempt, ing, housekeeping, teaching, printing and after a turbulent discussion in the proceed to another port, regardless and visiting, Dr. Gulick was not a House, dismissed with a reprimand. gentleman of leisure. With all this he was a great and close reader, con- day to find him in 1868 a prophet of vinced that study with action made a annexation, and solving various Harounded missionary. He wished to waiian problems as follows: be abreast of the times in the world of thought. This is his program for one

tives. 2. By filling out my vocabu- Be assured that the time will come lary. 3. By preparing first lessons. when manhood-suffrage and a truly 4. By writing scripture lessons. II. Teaching Natives -1. Our do- | cured for Hawaii." mestics in English. 2. School in Po-

Sabbath exercises.

of canoe. 2. Building school-bouse. have been arbitrary, his protests pre3. Finishing veranda. 4. Sides of my house. house. honorable missionary office he held— will be set up shortly.—Choya.

An awful picture is that of the epidemic of smallpox, with its double menace to Dr. Gulick's life; most pathetic is the glimpse afforded us of his loneliness when his family are obliged to be in Honolulu and letters are slow—so slow in coming; and pathetic, and amusing too, it is to see the poor missionary in his wife's absence cutting and fitting garments for the Ponapean women in their mania for dresses not so simple as the Hawaiian holoku. About these, Dr. Gulick writes to his wife:

never the convictions. Nor would he stay to cause dissension in the Board; and so he went, amid words of regret and appreciation even from those who did not approve his politics.

Here our absorbing interest wanes, for what most concerns us, what is most novel to the general reader, has been told. As the author says in her preface, "His later missionary experiences were in line with what the Christian church already understands. They have therefore been crowded into narrower compass." writes to his wife:

Mrs. Jewett devotes one chapter of her book to the history of the building of the Morning Star, and details the launching in Chelsea with four thousand spectators, half of these children stockholders; the greeting in Honolulu; the arrival in Ebon, the most welcome sight in Micronesia. Its regular arrivals thereafter brought new life, to the work, and linked, the missionaries to the living, loving world beyond the seas. A heartrending time for this lonely mission- men who have been in his employ ary was during the ten months after the Star had sailed with all his family for whom a change was impera-tive. We find him brave and feverishly industrious, but with what a strain on heart and head and health! time on account of an overloaded And when, after the little bark had stomach. Such is the statement returned and re-united this family, of Mr. Smith's friends. The onium there came the astounding proposition to sell the Morning Star and abandon the work in Micronesia, we fairly breathe in relief that his burning appeals and offers of greater and incredible sacrifices on the part of the missionaries should save Micronesia which it is claimed was appropriated by Mr. Smith had been deposited in the bottom of the harbor long enough to become thoroughly diluted with salt water and in a missionaries should save Micronesia from the dreary fate of being ma-

In 1860 failing health brought Dr. Gulick and his family to the land of work and suffering as to be unrecognizable. But he did not find sufficient tonic even in the joy of life in Honolulu with all his friends about him. Nor even when the comforts of home were augmented by the exhilaration of horseback riding did he recover. So we find frequent change in place and constant occupation in the next four years spent in America, his next four years spent in America, his "missionary furlough." He spoke everywhere most brilliantly in behalf of his beloved Micronesia, sketching Works. These have been thoroughly investigated and found to be without foundation. "thrilling pictures of original heathenism," touching hearts and purses

for the people there.

He burned to work as a foreign missionary, but Micronesia was physically out of the question. Honolulu was a different matter, however, and in 1864 he came here as secretary of the Hawaiian Board. He thoroughly understood the needs of the field, and it was largely at his suggestion that have visited him, and at a late hour many changes in the work were brought about. He threw himself whole-heartedly into accomplishing these changes. He traveled about, counselling with the missionaries and visiting the Hawaiians, everywhere finding aloha awaiting him. He toiled on his newspaper, the Kuokoa, giving news, reports and advice to the Hawaiians, who welcomed it weekly as a friend. He proposed and brought about the native pastorate, a radical change. In 1865 the infant Kawaiabrought about. He threw himself change. In 1865 the infant Kawaia-hao Seminary was opened with eight scholars, Mrs. Gulick in charge.

M. S. Grinbaum & Co., of which his father is a senior member. For the past year the young man has

As secretary of the Hawaiian Board Dr. Gulick was the executive officer respondence, organization, editing and parents. publication was arduous, and attended with obstacles and discouragement. Yet in addition he felt the burden of a part in politics.

Those were the days of the struggle between the king, Kamehameha V and the people. They were willing to follow the leading of the missionaries, who "had brought all the rights the natives ever had," to quote an anti-missionary adviser of the king. As a in darkness he must lead to the light. weekly demands for right and justice We have vivid sketches of the life for the people. But not unmolested. It is interesting in the light of to-

"The time will come when we shall be ready for absorption by the great Republic, if they desire it. At pres-I. Study of Ponape Language. - i. ent we are not ready, but these dis-By much conversation with the na- cussions are preparing the way. \* \* representative government will be se-

Without doubt one of the greatest nape. 3. Religious conversation. 4. trials in the life of this man of many trials was in relinquishing his post as III. Literary Occupation.—1. Missionary journals for Boston. 2. A few letters. 3. Medical thesis. 4 Morning and evening, Hebrew Bible. 5. Some inconsistent with his office. He New England Theology. 6. Ichthe- could not do otherwise than protest cruiser Olympia to the Admiralty against the wrong being done to his Office. A few days ago a model of IV. Physical Labor-1. Preparation countrymen. His vehemence may the United States battleship Ore-

ed into narrower compass." writes to his wife:

"I was all day yesterday making dresses. We had five underway at once. Strange work for a man!"

"Making dresses all this week. I shall be curious to know whether you approve the way in which they fit. The set of sleeves is that in which I most completely fail."

A second epidemic we find, in great relief to the black picture of the small-pox visitation, but a consequence of it.

A second epidemic we find, in great relief to the black picture of the small-pox visitation, but a consequence of it—the widespread enthusiasm for reading and religious teaching, culminating in the possession of a new printing press. Soon came forth the first book, the Primer, and with it a general yielding to the missionary influence.

What wonder that the inevitable over-pressure brought "tempests of pain" and weakened energies which refused to be renewed? The last pages are pathetic in their burden of sorrow, but sublime in the grandeur of faith. And they add the final touches to the picture of this consecrated, fearless, ardent, human missionary.

CHARGES AGAINST CAPT. SMITH His Friends Are Angry and Assert His Innocence.

The friends of Captain Paul Smith are highly indignant over Smith in an evening paper by two on the dredger. One of these men was recently discharged and the other has been indisposed for some of Mr. Smith's friends. The opium condition to be unfitted for use during the worst opium famine ever known. Mr. Smith's landlord his birth. He was so changed by his is authority for the statement that Works. These have been thorough-

Sam Louisson III.

Samuel Louisson is dangerously ill at the residence of Dr. Howard, corner Piikoi and King streets, last night his recovery was con-M. S. Grinbaum & Co., of which the past year the young man has made his home with Dr. and of the organization which taught Ha-waii to stand alone. His work of cor-dence formerly occupied by his

The Bennington

One of the officers of the Bennington was spoken to last night rogarding the intended movements of his vessel. He stated that it was probable she would remain at this port until recalled, unless more cases of cholera should break pression had been spread abroad that the Bennington would remain at this port a week or so and then of whether more cholera developed or not. While at Hilo the officers of the Bennington had a delightful time. They were treated right royally by the citizens. Five of the officers rode to the volcano and have been talking of hardly anything else since.

Models of Warships.

Mr. Scott, president of the Union Iron Works, San Francisco, who is now on a visit to Japan soliciting orders from the Japanese Government for the building of men-ofwar, recently sent a model of the